Department of Veterans	Affairs NECK (CERVICAL S	PINE) CONDITIONS DISABILITY BENEFITS QUESTIONNAIRE
	OR SUBMITTING THIS FORM. PLEAS	L NOT PAY OR REIMBURSE ANY EXPENSES OR COST INCURRED IN THE E READ THE PRIVACY ACT AND RESPONDENT BURDEN INFORMATION ON
NAME OF PATIENT/VETERAN		
PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECU	IRITY NUMBER	
	ionnaire as part of their evaluation in proce	S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) for disability benefits. VA will consider the ssing the claim. VA reserves the right to confirm the authenticity of ALL DBQs
		RECORD REVIEW
	LE REVIEWED?	
YES NO		
IF YES, LIST ANY RECORDS THAT W	VERE REVIEWED BUT WERE NOT INCLUI	DED IN THE VETERAN'S VA CLAIMS FILE:
IF NO, CHECK ALL RECORDS REVIE	WED	
Military service treatment records		214 Separation Desumants
Military service personnel records		on medical records (VA treatment records)
Military enlistment examination	Civilian medical records	
Military separation examination	Interviews with collateral with	esses (family and others who have known the veteran before and after military service)
Military post-deployment question	naire Other:	
	No records were reviewed	
	SECTION	II - DIAGNOSIS
<b>NOTE:</b> These are condition(s) for white evidence be provided for submission to		exam request form (Internal VA) or for which the Veteran has requested medical
1A. LIST THE CLAIMED CONDITION(S		
		lition(s) listed above. If there is no diagnosis, if the diagnosis is different from
· · ·		aimed condition, explain your findings and reasons in comments section.
	ED WITH THE CLAIMED CONDITION(S) ((	
		ondition listed above. (Explain your findings and reasons in comments section.)
Mechanical cervical pain syndrome	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Cervical sprain/strain	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Cervical spondylosis (degenerative joint disease of cervical spine)	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Degenerative disc disease	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Foraminal stenosis/central stenosis	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Intervertebral disc syndrome	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Radiculopathy	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Myelopathy	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Ankylosis of the cervical spine	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Ankylosing spondylitis of the cervical spine ( <i>neck</i> )	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Vertebral fracture (vertebrae of the neck)	ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:
Other (specify)		
Other diagnosis #1:		
ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:	
Other diagnosis #2:		
ICD Code:	Date of diagnosis:	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

		SEC	CTION I - DIAGNOSIS (Continued)
Other diagnosis	s #3:		
ICD Code:		Date of diagnosis:	
1C. COMMENTS (			
		BOUT THIS CONDITION (int	townal VA only 2
			ernal v A Only) !
		SI	ECTION II - MEDICAL HISTORY
2A. DESCRIBE TH	E HISTORY (includi		E VETERAN'S CERVICAL SPINE (neck) CONDITION (brief summary):
2B. DOMINANT HA	_	DEXTROUS	
2C. DOES THE VE	TERAN REPORT TH	IAT FLARE-UPS IMPACT TH	IE FUNCTION OF THE CERVICAL SPINE (neck)?
IF YES, DOCUMEN	NI THE VETERAN'S	DESCRIPTION OF THE IMP	ACT OF FLARE-UPS IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:
	NO	VING ANY FUNCTIONAL LC	DSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF THE CERVICAL SPINE (neck) (regardless of repetitive use)?
IF YES, DOCUMEN	NT THE VETERAN'S	DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTION	DNAL LOSS OR FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT IN HIS OR HER OWN WORDS:
		SECTION III - INITIA	L RANGE OF MOTION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS
			nt of painful motion, which could be evidenced by visible behavior such as facial expression, wincing,
		ment painful movement in Se	ection 5. g. For VA purposes, repetitive use testing must be included in all joint exams. The VA has determined
that 3 repetitions of	ROM (at a minimum)	) can serve as a representativ	e test of the effect of repetitive use. After the initial measurement, reassess ROM after 3 repetitions.
3A. INITIAL ROM N	•		
	Joint Movement	ROM Measurement	If ROM testing is not indicated for the veteran's condition or not able to be performed, please explain why, and then proceed to Section 5:
	Forward Flexion		
	(normal endpoint	Not indicated	
	= 45 degrees)	Not able to perform	
	Extension		
	(normal endpoint = 45 degrees)	Not indicated Not able to perform	
	Right Lateral		
NECK	Flexion	Not indicated	
	(normal endpoint = 45 degrees)	Not able to perform	
	Left Lateral		
	Flexion (normal endpoint	Not indicated	
	= 45 degrees)	Not able to perform	
	Right Lateral Rotation	Not indicated	
	(normal endpoint = 80 degrees)	Not able to perform	
	Left Lateral	· ·	
	Rotation (normal endpoint	Not indicated	
	= 80 degrees)	Not able to perform	

PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL	SECURITY NO	. – –	-				
	SECTI	ON III - INITIAL RANGE OF MOT	TION (ROM) MEASUREMENTS (Con	ntinued)			
3B. DO ANY ABNORMAL RO	Is NOTED ABC	OVE CONTRIBUTE TO FUNCTIONAL	LOSS?				
	v	ibe these limitations in Section 7 belo	ow)				
NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE	ABNORMAL F	OMs DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:					
3C. IF ROM DOES NOT CON	FORM TO THE	NORMAL RANGE OF MOTION IDEN	TIFIED ABOVE BUT IS NORMAL FOR TH	IIS VETERAN (for reas	ons other than a neck		
condition, such as age, be	ody habitus, net	urologic disease), EXPLAIN:					
	SE	CTION IV - ROM MEASUREMEN	NTS AFTER REPETITIVE USE TEST	ING			
4A. POST-TEST ROM MEASU	JREMENTS						
Is the veteran a	able to perform r	epetitive-use testing?	Is there additional limitation in ROM after repetitive-use testing?	Joint Movement	Post-test ROM Measurement		
Yes If yes, perform re	petitive-use test	ing	Yes	Forward Flexion			
No If no, provide rea	son below, then	proceed to Section 5	No, there is no change in ROM after repetitive testing	Extension			
			If yes, report ROM after a minimum	Left Lateral Flexion			
			of 3 repetitions.	Right Lateral			
			If no, documentation of ROM after	Flexion Left Lateral			
			repetitive-use testing is not required.	Rotation			
				Right Lateral Rotation			
4B. DO ANY POST-TEST ADD	DITIONAL LIMIT	ATIONS OF ROMS NOTED ABOVE	CONTRIBUTE TO FUNCTIONAL LOSS?				
YES (you will be asked	to further descr	ibe these limitations in Section 7 belo	ow)				
NO, EXPLAIN WHY THE	POST-TEST A	DDITIONAL LIMITATIONS OF ROMS	DO NOT CONTRIBUTE:				
		SECTI	ON V - PAIN				
5A. ROM MOVEMENTS PAIN	FUL ON ACTIV	E, PASSIVE AND/OR REPETITIVE U					
Are any ROM movements							
painful on active, passive and/or repetitive use testing?	If ves (there	are painful movements), does the	If no (the pain does not contribute to functional loss or additional limitation of ROM), explain why the pain does not contribute:				
	pain co	ontribute to functional loss or					
(If yes, identify whether active, passive, and/or repetitive use	add	itional limitation of ROM?					
in question 5D)							
Yes		will be asked to further describe	e				
No	these li	mitations in Section 7 below)					
	IGHT-BEARIN	G OR IN NON WEIGHT-BEARING					
Is there pain when the joint is used in weight-bearing or							
non weight-bearing?		pain when used in weight-bearing	If no (the pain does not contribute to fun	nctional loss or additio	nal limitation of ROM),		
(If yes, identify whether weight-	or non weight-bearing), does the pain contribute explain why the pain does not contribute:						
bearing or non weight-bearing in question 5D)							
Yes		nu will be asked to further describe mitations in Section 7 below)					
No	No No						
5C. LOCALIZED TENDERNES	S OR PAIN ON	I PALPATION					
Does the Veteran have localize or pain on palpation of joints of		If yes, describe including	location, severity and relationship to condi	tion(s) listed in the Diag	nosis section:		
Yes N	0						
5D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:		L					

PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECURITY NO.

SECTION VI - GUARDING AND MUSCLE SPASM
6A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE GUARDING OR MUSCLE SPASM OF THE CERVICAL SPINE (neck)?
6B. GAIT: NORMAL ABNORMAL
Due to:       Muscle spasm       Guarding
Other, describe and provide etiology:
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:
6C. SPINAL CONTOUR:
Due to:           Muscle spasm
Guarding
Other, describe and provide etiology:
UNABLE TO EVALUATE, PROVIDE REASON:
SECTION VII - FUNCTIONAL LOSS AND ADDITIONAL LIMITATION OF ROM
<b>NOTE:</b> The VA defines functional loss as the inability, due to damage or infection in parts of the system, to perform normal working movements of the body with normal excursion, strength, speed, coordination and/or endurance. As regards the joints, factors of disability reside in reductions of their normal excursion of movements in different planes. Using information from the history and physical exam, select the factors below that contribute to functional loss or impairment (regardless of repetitive use) or to additional limitation of ROM after repetitive use for the joint or extremity being evaluated on this DBQ:
7A. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS OF DISABILITY (check all that apply and indicate side affected):
Less movement than normal (due to ankylosis, limitation or blocking, adhesions, tendon-tie-ups, contracted scars, etc.)
More movement than normal (from flail joints, resections, nonunion of fractures, relaxation of ligaments, etc.)
Weakened movement (due to muscle injury, disease or injury of peripheral nerves, divided or lengthened tendons, etc.)
Excess fatigability
Incoordination, impaired ability to execute skilled movements smoothly
Pain on movement       Swelling
Deformity
Atrophy of disuse
Instability of station
Disturbance of locomotion
Interference with sitting
Interference with standing
Interference with standing       Other, describe:

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	PATIENT/\	/ETERAN'S	SOCIAL	SECURITY	NO
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PATIENT/VETERA	IN'S SOCIAL SEC	JURITY NO	0.			
	-	SECTION	N VII - FUNCTIONAL	LOSS AND ADDITIO	ONAL LIMITATION	OF ROM (Continued)
could significant terms of the degr	ly limit functiona ree of additional l	ll ability d ROM loss	uring flare-ups or when due to pain on use or du	the joint is <i>used repeate</i> uring flare-ups. The follo	dly over a period of t	n on whether pain, weakness, fatigability, or incoordination <i>time</i> and that opinion, if feasible, should be expressed in ist you in providing this required opinion.
7B. ARE ANY OF	THE ABOVE FA	ACTORS A	SSOCIATED WITH LIN	IITATION OF MOTION?		
	, complete quest proceed to quest		d 7D)			
7C. CONTRIBUT	ING FACTORS (	OF DISABI	LITY ASSOCIATED WI	TH LIMITATION OF MO	ΓΙΟΝ	
Can pain, wea incoordination sig ability during flare <b>used repeatedly</b>	ups or when the	functional he joint is functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is a functional loss during flare-ups or when the joint is used repeatedly over a period of time but the limitation of ROM cannot be institute used repeatedly loss.				
			Forward Flexion	_ Est. ROM is not feasible		
			Extension	_ Est. ROM is _ not feasible		
		F	Right Lateral	Est. ROM is not feasible		
Yes	s 🔄 No		Left Lateral Flexion	_ Est. ROM is not feasible		
		F	Right Lateral	_ Est. ROM is not feasible		
			Left Lateral Rotation	_ Est. ROM is not feasible		
			SECTIC	N VIII - MUSCLE ST	RENGTH TESTING	
8A. MUSCLE ST	RENGTH - RATE	STRENG		HE FOLLOWING SCALE		<u> </u>
2/5 Active mo 3/5 Active mo	or visible muscle ovement with grav ovement against g ovement against s	vity elimina gravity		t		
Side	Flexion/ Extension	Rate Strength	Is there a reduction in muscle strength?	If yes, is the reduction claimed condition in th		If no (the reduction is not entirely due to the claimed condition), provide rationale:
	Shoulder Adduction	/5				
	Shoulder Abduction	/5				
	Shoulder	/5				
RIGHT	Flexion Shoulder					
NOT	Rotation	/5				
	Flexion	/5	Yes No	Yes	No	
	Elbow Extension	/5				
	Wrist Flexion	/5				
	Wrist Extension	/5				
	Finger	/5				
	Finger	/5				

PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL	SECURITY NO.
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ALMAGLE STREAMOTH - RATE STREAMOTH ACCORDING TO THE POLLOWING SCALE (Conditional):       05 No muscle contraction, but to job in non-energit         05 No muscle contraction, but to job in non-energit       25 Advice non-energit       11 The public of vibble muscle contraction, but to job in non-energit         05 No muscle contraction, but to job in non-energit       26 Advice non-energit       11 The public of vibble muscle strength         05 No muscle contraction       Rate       Detection       Strength       If muscle strength         05 No muscle contraction       Rate       Detection       Strength       If muscle strength         1 LEFT       Structure       Structure       6       If muscle strength       If muscle strength         1 LEFT       Structure       6       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public of structure         1 Risk       6       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public of structure         1 Field of the provide in the public of structure       1 No       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public of structure         1 Field of the provide in the public of structure       1 No       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public of structure         1 Field of the provide in the public of structure       1 No       If was in the public of structure       If was in the public		SECTION VIII - MUSCLE STRENGTH TESTING (Continued)				
06 No muscle movement Min Replande volter muscle conduction, but no joint movement 25 Adve movement with muscle conduction 45 Adve movement against parks vielnande 45 Adve movement against parks vielnande 46 Adve movement against parks vielnande 47 Adve movement against parks vielnande 47 Adve movement against parks vielnande 48 Adve movement against parks 48 Adve movement	8A. MUSCLE ST	RENGTH - RATE	STRENG		1	
Side Flexing  Side Rotent strength  Side Rote at the strength is there a reduction in the Diagnosis section?  If no (the reduction is not entries) due to the  damed condition), provide rationale:  Side Rote at the strength is there a reduction in the Diagnosis section?  If no (the reduction is not entries) due to the  damed condition), provide rationale:  Section 4  Sect	0/5 No muscl 1/5 Palpable 2/5 Active mo 3/5 Active mo	e movement or visible muscle ovement with grav ovement against g	contraction vity elimina gravity	n, but no joint movement ted		
S00       Extension       Strength       muscle strength?       taimed condition in the Diagnosis section?       caimed condition), provide ristonale:         Image: Source of the strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       taimed condition), provide ristonale:       isimed condition), provide ristonale:         Image: Source of the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       taimed condition), provide ristonale:         Image: Source of the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Source of the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?       Strength in the strength?         Image: Strength in the strength		•				
EFT     STMUTOR     STMUT	Side					
LEFT       Abducton       n         ILEFT       Instruction       n         INDICATER       Instruction       n			/5			
LEFT       Prevention       6         Bibliourgenergy       7       7         B		Abduction	/5			
Relation       75         Flow       76         Provestion       76         BLOWE       Relation         Firstein       76         Provestion       76         Provesti	LEET	Flexion				
Image:	LEFI	Rotation				
EXERCISE		Elbow		YesNo	Yes No	
Image: Second		Wrist				
Image:		Wrist	/5			
Abduetion		Finger	/5			
YES NO     YES     NO     YES NO     YES     YES     NO     YES		Abduction				
NOTE: For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis is a condition in which the entire cervical spine, the entire thoracolumbar spine, or the entire spine is fixed in flexion or extension, and the ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breathing limited to diaphragmatic respiration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to nerve root stretching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neutral position (0 degrees) always represents favorable ankylosis.         9A. INDICATE SEVERITY OF ANKYLOSIS:	FOR ANY MUSC MEASUREMENT LOCATION OF M RIGHT UPI CIRCUMFE	NO IF NO, PI	ROVIDE F UE TO A L ERS OF N HY: (specify lo (specify lo	ATIONALE: DIAGNOSES LISTED IN S ORMAL SIDE AND COR docation of measurement AL SIDE: cm cation of measurement s	SECTION 1, INDICATE SIDE AND SPECIFIC RESPONDING ATROPHIED SIDE, MEASU such as "10cm above or below elbow"): CIRCUMFERENCE OF ATROPHIED SIL cuch as "10cm above or below elbow"): CIRCUMFERENCE OF ATROPHIED SIL	RED AT MAXIMUM MUSCLE BULK.
NOTE: For VA compensation purposes, unfavorable ankylosis is a condition in which the entire cervical spine, the entire thoracolumbar spine, or the entire spine is fixed in flexion or extension, and the ankylosis results in one or more of the following: difficulty walking because of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the mouth and chewing; breathing limited to diaphragmatic respiration; gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or dysphagia; atlantoaxial or cervical subluxation or dislocation; or neurologic symptoms due to nerve root stretching. Fixation of a spinal segment in neutral position (0 degrees) always represents favorable ankylosis.         9A. INDICATE SEVERITY OF ANKYLOSIS:				AS ANKYLOSIS OF TH		
	NOTE: For VA fixed in flexion of mouth and chew dysphagia; atlan (0 degrees) alwa 9A. INDICATE SI Arvorable a Unfavorable Unfavorable	compensation pro- or extension, and ing; breathing lin toaxial or cervica ys represents fav EVERITY OF ANI ankylosis of the en- e ankylosis of the e ankylosis of the	arposes, un the ankyl nited to di al subluxat orable and XYLOSIS: ntire cervic entire cer	nfavorable ankylosis is a osis results in one or mo aphragmatic respiration tion or dislocation; or ne cylosis. al spine vical spine	condition in which the entire cervical spin re of the following: difficulty walking beca gastrointestinal symptoms due to pressure urologic symptoms due to nerve root stretcl	use of a limited line of vision; restricted opening of the of the costal margin on the abdomen; dyspnea or

PATIENT/VETERAN	N'S SOCIAL SECURITY NO	-						
			SECTION X - R			_		
0 Absent	ON REFLEXES - RATE DE	EP TENDON REFLEXE	S (DTRS) ACCOF	DING TO THE FO	LLOWING SCAL	E:		
1+ Hypoactiv 2+ Normal		GHT:	BICEPS:	+ TRICEPS:	+ BRACHIC	ORADIALS: +		
	ve without clonus L ve with clonus	EFT:	BICEPS:	+ TRICEPS:	+ BRACHIC	ORADIALS: +		
10B. COMMENTS	, IF ANY:							
11A. RESULTS FO	OR SENSATION TO LIGHT	-		ENSORY EXAM				
Side		Area (C5)		r/Outer Forearm (C	C6/T1)	Hand/F	ingers (C6-8)	
RIGHT								
	Normal De	ecreased Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent
LEFT	Normal De	ecreased Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent
	R SENSORY TESTS INDI	ICATED AND PERFORM	IED?			·		
IF YES, INDICATE	NO RESULTS:							
	Position	n Sense		Vibration Sensatio			Sensation	
Side		eat toe on sides and ask and down movement)		itched tuning fork finger/IP joint of	0		ies for cold sensation rk or other cold obj	
	1 00 1	ot tested		Not tested			Not tested	
RIGHT	Normal De	ecreased Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent
LEFT	Normal De	ecreased Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent	Normal	Decreased	Absent
11C. OTHER SEN	I SORY FINDINGS, IF ANY	:						
		SI	ECTION XII - RA		(			
	pathy is considered to be a							
12A. DOES THE V	ETERAN HAVE RADICUL	AR PAIN OR ANY OTH	ER SUBJECTIVE	SYMPTOMS DUE	TO RADICULOP.	ATHY?		
	TE QUESTIONS 12B-12K,	INCLUDING SYMPTOM	IS, SEVERITY OF	RADICULOPATH	Y AND NERVE R	OOTS INVOLVED (che	eck all that apply)	
IF THE VETERAN	REPORTED RADICULAR	-TYPE SYMPTOMS IN T	THE MEDICAL HI	STORY SECTION	ABOVE THAT YO	OU FIND ARE NOT DU	E TO RADICULOPA	ATHY,
PLEASE PROVIDE	E RATIONALE:							
12B. CONSTANT	PAIN, AT TIMES EXCRUC	CIATING (subjective sym	ptom)					
Present	Absent (does not occu	ur) Pain is preser	nt, but not due to r	adiculopathy (if ch	ecked, provide ra	ationale in question 12	J below)	
If present, indicate Right upper e	location and severity: extremity: None	Mild Mode	rate Sev	are				
Left upper ex		Mild Mode						
12C. INTERMITTE	ENT PAIN (subjective symp	· —	at but not due to r	adiculopathy (if ch	ackad provida r	ationale in question 12	(helow)	
	location and severity:		ni, bui noi uue io i		eckeu, proviue ri	utonute in question 12	s below)	
Right upper e		Mild Mode						
Left upper ex				516				
Present	(subjective symptom) Absent (does not occu	<i>ur)</i> Pain is preser	nt, but not due to r	adiculopathy (if ch	ecked, provide ra	ationale in question 12	J below)	
If present, indicate Right upper e	location and severity:	Mild Mode	rate Sev					
Left upper ex		Mild Mode						

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SECTION XII - RADICULOPATHY (Continued)
12E. PARESTHESIAS AND/OR DYSESTHESIAS (subjective symptom)
Present Absent (does not occur) Paresthesias and/or dysesthesias are present, but not due to radiculopathy (if checked, provide rationale in question
If present, indicate location and severity:
Right upper extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Left upper extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
12F. NUMBNESS (subjective symptom)
Present Absent ( <i>does not occur</i> ) Numbness is present, but not due to radiculopathy ( <i>if checked, provide rationale in question 12J below</i> )
If present, indicate location and severity: Right upper extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
Right upper extremity: None Mild Moderate Severe
12G. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OBJECTIVE FINDINGS DUE TO RADICULOPATHY NOT ADDRESSED IN THE PHYSICAL EXAM SECTION?
12H. INDICATE SEVERITY OF RADICULOPATHY (evaluate severity by incorporating the effects of subjective symptoms and objective findings, if any) AND SIDE
AFFECTED:
Right upper extremity:       Not affected       Mild       Moderate       Severe
Left upper extremity: Not affected Mild Moderate Severe
12I. SPECIFY NERVE ROOTS INVOLVED (check all that apply):
INVOLVEMENT OF C5/C6 NERVE ROOTS (upper radicular group)
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both
INVOLVEMENT OF C7 NERVE ROOTS (middle radicular group)
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both
INVOLVEMENT OF C8/TI NERVE ROOTS (lower radicular group)
If checked, indicate side affected: Right Left Both
12J. COMMENTS, IF ANY:
SECTION XIII - OTHER NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES
13. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER OBJECTIVE NEUROLOGIC ABNORMALITIES OR FINDINGS (including, but not limited to bowel or bladder problems due
to cervical myelopathy) ASSOCIATED WITH A CERVICAL SPINE (neck) CONDITION?
L YES NO
IF YES, DESCRIBE CONDITION AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO ANY CONDITION LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION:
NOTE: If there are neurological abnormalities other than those addressed in the Physical Exam or Radiculopathy sections above, ALSO complete appropriate
Disability Benefits Questionnaire for each condition identified.
SECTION XIV - INTERVERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES
<b>NOTE:</b> For VA purposes, IVDS is a group of signs and symptoms due to nerve root irritation that commonly includes back pain and sciatica (pain along the course of the sciatic nerve) in the case of lumbar disc disease, and neck and arm or hand pain in the case of cervical disc disease.
14A. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE IVDS OF THE CERVICAL SPINE?
14B. IF YES TO QUESTION 14A ABOVE, HAS THE VETERAN HAD ANY INCAPACITATING EPISODES (a period of acute signs and symptoms due to IVDS that requires bed rest prescribed by a physician and treatment by a physician) OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS?
YES NO
14C. IF YES TO QUESTION 14B ABOVE, PROVIDE THE TOTAL DURATION OF ALL INCAPACITATING EPISODES OVER THE PAST 12 MONTHS:
Less than 1 week
At least 1 week but less than 2 weeks
At least 2 weeks but less than 4 weeks
At least 4 weeks but less than 6 weeks
At least 6 weeks

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	VERTEBRAL DISC SYNDROME (IVDS) AND INCAPACITATING EPISODES (Continued)
14D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:	
	IENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS, SYMPTOMS AND SCARS
(surgical or otherwise) RELATED TO AN	R PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS, OR ANY SCARS Y CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?
	E QUESTIONS 15B-15D.
15B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE ANY OTHER CONDITIONS LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSI	R PERTINENT PHYSICAL FINDINGS, COMPLICATIONS, CONDITIONS, SIGNS OR SYMPTOMS RELATED TO ANY S SECTION ABOVE?
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIB	E (brief summary):
THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION ABOVE?	S (surgical or otherwise) RELATED TO ANY CONDITIONS OR TO THE TREATMENT OF ANY CONDITIONS LISTED IN
YES NO	
IF YES, ARE ANY OF THESE SCARS PAINFU LOCATED ON THE HEAD, FACE OR NECK?	L OR UNSTABLE; HAVE A TOTAL AREA EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN 39 SQUARE CM (6 square inches); OR ARE
	MPLETE VA FORM 21-0960F-1, SCARS/DISFIGUREMENT.
IF NO, PROVIDE LOCATION AND MEASUREM	
Location:	Measurements: length cm X width cm.
NOTE: An "unstable scar" is one where for a	ny reason, there is frequent loss of covering of the skin over the scar. If there are multiple scars, enter additional locations
	It is not necessary to also complete a Scars DBQ.
15D. COMMENTS, IF ANY:	
	SECTION XVI - ASSISTIVE DEVICES
16A. DOES THE VETERAN USE ANY ASSIST MAY BE POSSIBLE?	VE DEVICES AS A NORMAL MODE OF LOCOMOTION, ALTHOUGH OCCASIONAL LOCOMOTION BY OTHER METHODS
YES NO IF YES, IDENTIFY A	SSISTIVE DEVICES USED (check all that apply and indicate frequency):
Wheelchair	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Brace	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
Crutches	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
	Frequency of use: Cocasional Regular Constant
Walker	Frequency of use: Coccasional Regular Constant
Other:	Frequency of use: Occasional Regular Constant
16B. IF THE VETERAN USES ANY ASSISTIVE	DEVICES, SPECIFY THE CONDITION AND IDENTIFY THE ASSISTIVE DEVICE USED FOR EACH CONDITION:
SEC1	ION XVII - REMAINING EFFECTIVE FUNCTION OF THE EXTREMITIES
17. DUE TO THE VETERAN'S CERVICAL SPIN	IE (neck) CONDITION, IS THERE FUNCTIONAL IMPAIRMENT OF AN EXTREMITY SUCH THAT NO EFFECTIVE
	WHICH WOULD BE EQUALLY WELL SERVED BY AN AMPUTATION WITH PROSTHESIS? (Functions of the upper etc., while functions for the lower extremity include balance and propulsion, etc.)
	THAT AMPUTATION WITH PROTHESIS WOULD EQUALLY SERVE THE VETERAN.
IF YES, INDICATE EXTREMITIES FOR WHICH	I THIS APPLIES: RIGHT UPPER LEFT UPPER
FOR EACH CHECKED EXTREMITY, IDENTIFY	THE CONDITION CAUSING LOSS OF FUNCTION, DESCRIBE LOSS OF EFFECTIVE FUNCTION AND PROVIDE
SPECIFIC EXAMPLES (brief summary):	
	hit the examiner to quantify the level of remaining function; it is not intended to inquire whether the Veteran should
	sis. For example, if the functions of grasping (hand) or propulsion (foot) are as limited as if the Veteran had an d check "yes" and describe the diminished functioning. The question simply asks whether the functional loss is to the

PATIENT/VETERAN'S SOCIAL SECURITY NO.

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SECTION XVIII - DIAGNOSTIC TESTING					
<b>NOTE:</b> Testing listed below is not indicated for every condition. The diagnosis of degenerative arthritis (osteoarthritis) or traumatic arthritis must be confirmed by imaging studies. Once such arthritis has been documented, even if in the past, no further imaging studies are required by VA, even if arthritis has worsened. Imaging studies are not required to make the diagnosis of IVDS; Electromyography (EMG) studies are rarely required to diagnose radiculopathy in the appropriate clinical setting. For purposes of this examination, the diagnoses of IVDS and radiculopathy can be made by a history of characteristic radiating pain and/or sensory changes in the legs, and objective clinical findings, which may include the asymmetrical loss or decrease of reflexes, decreased strength and/or abnormal sensation.					
18A. HAVE IMAGING STUDIES OF THE CERVICAL SPINE BEEN PERFORMED AND ARE THE RESULTS AVAILABLE?					
IF YES, IS ARTHRITIS DOCUMENTED?					
18B. DOES THE VETERAN HAVE A VERTEBRAL FRACTURE?         YES       NO       IF YES, PROVIDE PERCENT OF LOSS OF VERTEBRAL BODY HEIGHT:       %					
18C. ARE THERE ANY OTHER SIGNIFICANT DIAGNOSTIC TEST FINDINGS OR RESULTS?         YES       NO       IF YES, PROVIDE TYPE OF TEST OR PROCEDURE, DATE AND RESULTS (brief summary):					
18D. IF ANY TEST RESULTS ARE OTHER THAN NORMAL, INDICATE RELATIONSHIP OF ABNORMAL FINDINGS TO DIAGNOSED CONDITIONS:					
SECTION XIX - FUNCTIONAL IMPACT NOTE: Provide the impact of only the diagnosed condition(s), without consideration of the impact of other medical conditions or factors, such as age.					
<ul> <li>19. REGARDLESS OF THE VETERAN'S CURRENT EMPLOYMENT STATUS, DO THE CONDITION(S) LISTED IN THE DIAGNOSIS SECTION IMPACT HIS OR HER ABILITY TO PERFORM ANY TYPE OF OCCUPATIONAL TASK (such as standing, walking, lifting, sitting, etc.)?</li> </ul>					
YES NO IF YES, DESCRIBE THE FUNCTIONAL IMPACT OF EACH CONDITION, PROVIDING ONE OR MORE EXAMPLES:					

20. REMARKS, IF ANY:

## SECTION XXI - PHYSICIAN'S CERTIFICATION AND SIGNATURE

**CERTIFICATION** - To the best of my knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate, complete and current.

21A. PHYSICIAN'S SIGNATURE (Sign in ink)		21B. PHYSICIAN'S PRINTED NAME		21C. DATE SIGNED
21D. PHYSICIAN'S PHONE AND FAX NUMBER	21E. NATIONA	AL PROVIDER IDENTIFIER (NPI) NUMBER	21F. PHYSICIAN'S ADDRE	ESS

NOTE: VA may request additional medical information, including additional examinations, if necessary to complete VA's review of the veteran's application.

IMPORTANT - Physician please fax the completed form to

(VA Regional Office FAX No.)

NOTE: A list of VA Regional Office FAX Numbers can be found at www.vba.va.gov/disabilityexams or obtained by calling 1-800-827-1000.

**PRIVACY ACT NOTICE:** VA will not disclose information collected on this form to any source other than what has been authorized under the Privacy Act of 1974 or Title 38, Code of Federal Regulations 1.576 for routine uses (i.e., civil or criminal law enforcement, congressional communications, epidemiological or research studies, the collection of money owed to the United States, litigation in which the United States is a party or has an interest, the administration of VA programs and delivery of VA benefits, verification of identity and status, and personnel administration) as identified in the VA system of records, 58/VA21/22/28, Compensation, Pension, Education and Vocational Rehabilitation and Employment Records - VA, published in the Federal Register. Your obligation to respond is required to obtain or retain benefits. VA uses your SSN to identify your claim file. Providing your SSN will help ensure that your records are properly associated with your claim file. Giving us your SSN account information is voluntary. Refusal to provide your SSN by itself will not result in the denial of benefits. VA will not deny an individual benefits for refusing to provide his or her SSN unless the disclosure of the SSN is required by a Federal Statute of law in effect prior to January 1, 1975, and still in effect. The requested information is considered relevant and necessary to determine maximum benefits under the law. The responses you submit are considered confidential (38 U.S.C. 5701). Information submitted is subject to verification through computer matching programs with other agencies.

**RESPONDENT BURDEN:** We need this information to determine entitlement to benefits (38 U.S.C. 501). Title 38, United States Code, allows us to ask for this information. We estimate that you will need an average of 30 minutes to review the instructions, find the information, and complete the form. VA cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless a valid OMB control number is displayed. You are not required to respond to a collection of information if this number is not displayed. Valid OMB control numbers can be located on the OMB Internet Page at <a href="http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain">www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRAMain</a>. If desired, you can call 1-800-827-1000 to get information on where to send comments or suggestions about this form.